Significance: The series is widely regarded as the **"most important"** modern survey of Greek astrological writings and is a vital resource for the history of ancient science and astrology in the Mediterranean basin;
Catalogus Codicum Astrologorum Graecorum (CCAG) catalogs were originally composed during the **Hellenistic, Roman, and Byzantine periods**, so their original authors lived in territories that were part of:
• the **Hellenistic kingdoms** (after Alexander the Great),
• the **Roman Empire** (especially the Eastern Roman Empire),
• and later the **Eastern Roman (Byzantine) Empire**.
that is;

Greece
Turkey (Asia Minor / Anatolia)
Egypt (especially Alexandria)
Italy (especially Rome)
Syria, Lebanon, Israel/Palestine (Eastern Mediterranean)
Mesopotamia / Iraq (indirectly via Greek transmission)
Other parts of the Byzantine world (Balkans, Southern Italy, Crete, Cyprus, etc.)

Content: It serves as a comprehensive guide to Greek astrological manuscripts, many of which were edited and published in full for the first time within its volumes .
Language: The texts are presented in Greek, while the accompanying descriptions and scholarly commentary are in Latin .
The **Catalogus Codicum Astrologorum Graecorum** (often abbreviated as **CCAG**)
The CCAG successfully cataloged and edited manuscripts from major libraries across Europe, including Florence, Venice, Rome, Munich, Madrid, and Paris